Promoting Health Through Happiness & Meaning

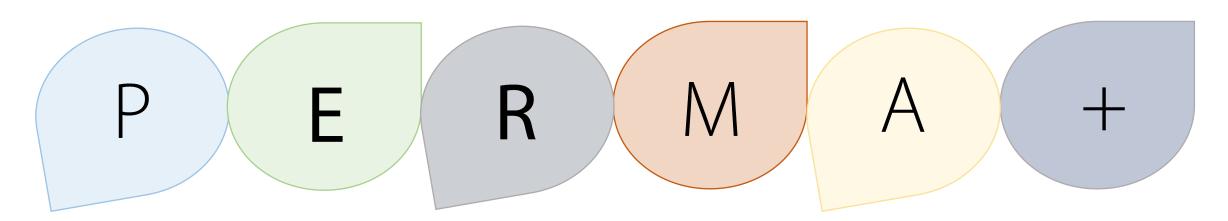








PERMA+ Framework



Positive Emotions

Developing feelings of contentment and joy

Engagement

Being absorbed, interested, and involved in an activity

Relationship

Feeling loved, supported, and valued by others

Meaning

Having a sense of purpose, feeling life is valuable and worth living

Accomplishment

Working toward, reaching goals. Feelings of mastery and achievement

Add

Physical activity, nutrition, and adequate sleep into everyday life.

Social Connections

The feeling that you belong to a group and generally feel close to others.



Why Social Connections?

We are wired to connect, reach out to, and interact with each other.

Decades of research suggest that the quality of our social ties might be the single biggest predictor of our well-being.

Connection registers in our brain much like physical pleasure.

Benefits of Social Connection

Increases life span

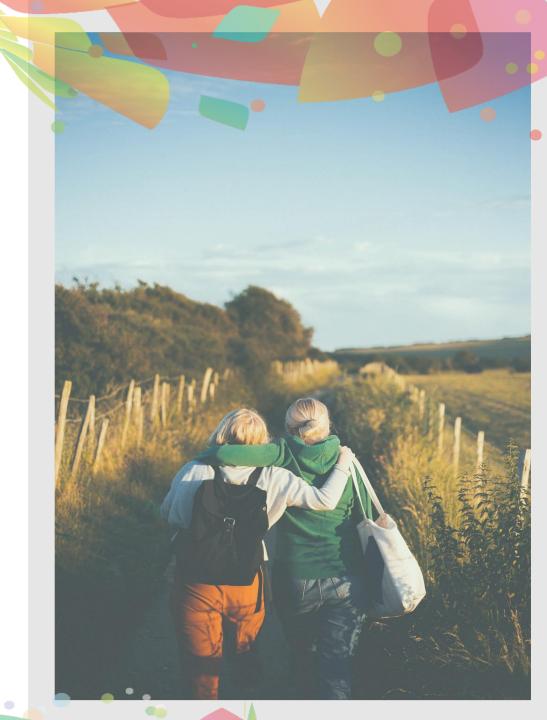
Increases self-esteem and empathy

Improves life satisfaction

Create positive emotions

Lowers anxiety and depression

Provides faster disease recovery



What makes a good life? Lessons from the longest study on happiness (12 minutes)



Social Connection Practices

Deceptively simple practices for you to try.

Basic Connection Practices Loving-Kindness Metta

Braving Trust The Gift of Time

Small Talk with Strangers

Active Listening

Basic Connection Practices

Maintain and reconnect

Maintain your current friendships and reconnect with those you have lost contact with.



Take time to connect with the people you encounter daily.

Think of those who support you

Write down those who have supported you in the past and now. How did that support make you feel?

List your 4am friends

Make a list of the people you could reach out to at any time of the day.



Loving-Kindness (Metta)

In this practice, we cultivate loving-kindness, or Metta. Metta is a Sanskrit word that means love, compassion, friendliness, benevolence, friendship and good will. We all have within us a natural capacity for loving kindness.

Loving-kindness practice is offering ourselves and others wishes for Metta and loving-kindness in our lives. It has been shown to increase feelings of connection and reduce feelings of isolation.

Use 3-5 of these sample phrases and adjust to suit your practice.

- 1. May I be happy
- 2. May I have peace.
- 3. May I be safe from all harm.

4. May I be free.

- **5.** May I live with ease.
- **6.** May I be filled with health.

Loving-Kindness (Metta)

Step by Step: How to do a loving-kindness meditation

Step

Sit comfortably with your eyes closed and repeat the phrases you chose a few times. Always begin with yourself.

begin with yourself.

"May I be happy, May I be well, May I be safe, May I have peace."

Step

2

After you have offered yourself loving-kindness, direct it towards someone who you love, or who has helped you.

"May [name] be happy, May [name] be well, May [name] be safe, May [name] have peace."

Continued on the next page...

Social Connection Practices

Loving-Kindness (Metta)

Step

Now, picture someone you feel neutral about and offer them loving-kindness. "May [name] be happy, May [name] be well, May [name] be safe, May [name] have peace."

Step

Think of someone who you are struggling with and offer them loving-kindness. "May [name] be happy, May [name] be well, May [name] be safe, May [name] have peace."

Step

Finally, offer every living thing loving-kindness by repeating; "May all beings everywhere be happy..." and continue with the 3-5 phrases until done. "May all beings everywhere be happy, May all beings everywhere be well..."

Braving Trust®

Highlights

Introduced by Researcher Brené Brown

Trust is the foundation of connection

Trust is not an all or nothing concept- it is something that is **built** in small moments

Examine the BRAVING elements (next page)

Great connections are **made** when we take time to **build trust** with others.

Braving Trust (10 minutes)



Braving Trust®

Boundaries:

You respect my boundaries, and when you're not clear about what's okay and not okay, you ask. You're willing to say no.

Reliability:

You do what you say you'll do. Stay aware of your competencies and limitations. Don't overpromise. Be able to deliver on commitments and balance competing priorities.

Accountability:

You don't share You own your mistakes, information or experiences that apologize, and make amends. are not yours to share. I need to know that my confidences are kept, and that you're not sharing information about other people that should be

confidential.

<u>Vault:</u> <u>Integrity:</u>

You choose courage over comfort. You choose what is right over what is fun, fast, or easy. And you choose to practice your values rather than simply professing them.

Nonjudgment:

I can ask for what I need, and you can ask for what you need. We can talk about how we feel without judgment.

Generosity:

You extend the most generous interpretation possible to the intentions, words, and actions of others.

Braving Trust Reflection



After reviewing the BRAVING elements, do you consider yourself trustworthy. Where do you struggle with trust?



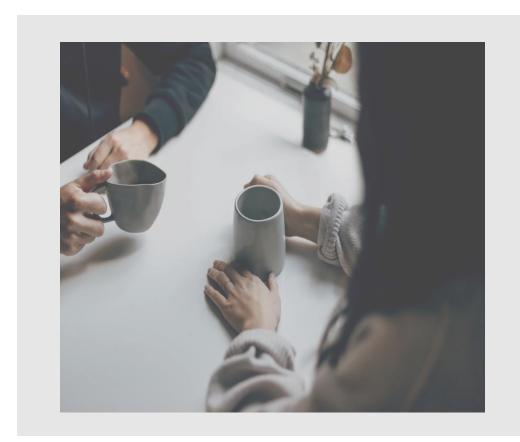
Do you trust yourself? Is that affecting your ability to connect?



What is one braving trust concept that you can work on to improve your social connections? (with your family, friends, teachers, colleagues, others)

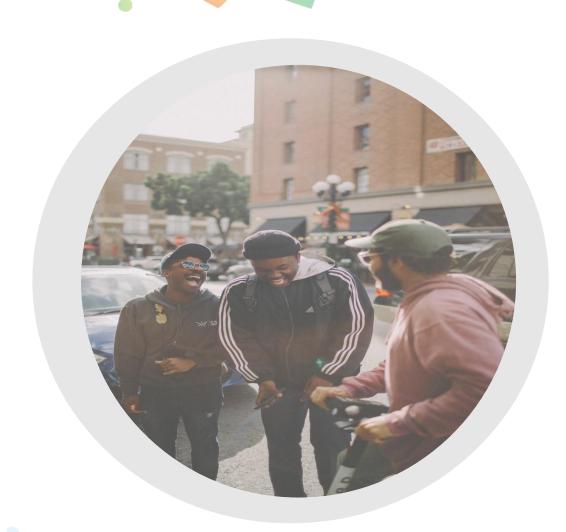
The Gift of Time

- 1. Think of a person you care about.
- 2. What could you do for that person that requires nothing more than your time?
- 3. Plan a gift of time for this person and give it. It could be doing something with them or doing something for them. Don't rust while doing it, focus on the person.
- 4. If you did something on your own, don't tell them how much time you spent on it. Let the gift speak for itself.



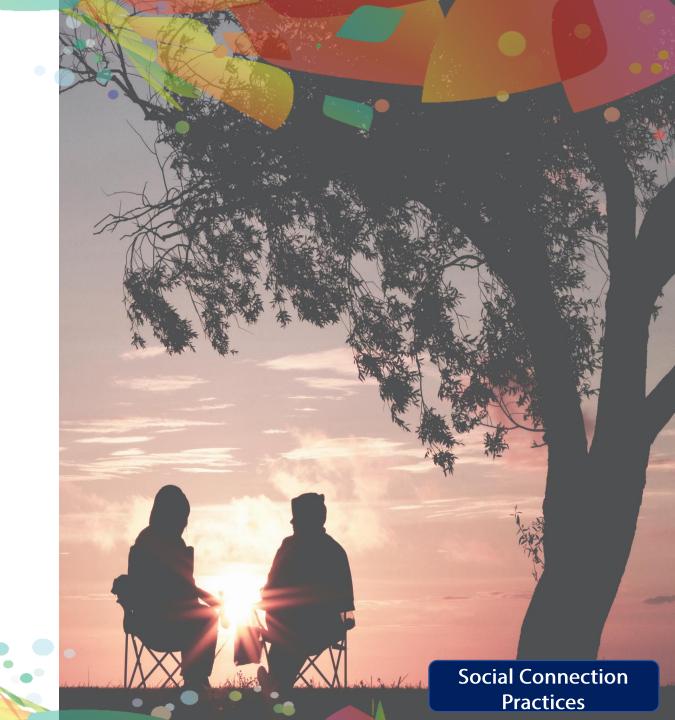
Small talk with strangers

- Y We spend a lot of time surrounded by people, we are usually in polite silence and solitude. Striking up a casual conversation can make you both feel happier and more connected.
- * Most people want connection but be sensitive to the wishes of potential conversation partners who do not want to engage.
- Studies have shown that people are more interested in connecting than we expect them to be. Talking to a stranger can be just as enjoyable as talking with a friend (and the strangers enjoy it, too).
- * Even if you are an introvert, getting a brief boost of social connection can be a positive experience-despite what your intuitions are telling you.



Be a better listener

- Y We often listen to others to respond, but good listening is listening to hear what is being said.
- Capitalize on positive events: Ask about something good that happened that day and listen actively.
- X Make eye contact, smile, make positive comments
- Listen actively but quietly without interjecting your opinion for a few minutes.



Just connect!

There are many studies that highlight the benefits of strong social connections.

Connections are fun and feel good. Try to bring more connection to your life.

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